Question Bank

DATA AND COMPUTER NETWORKS (BECE1-518) PART-A

- 1. What are the two types of line configuration?
- 2. What do you mean by error control?
- 3. Define flow control?
- 4. What is redundancy?
- 5. Write short notes on error correction?
- 6. Mention the types of error correcting methods.
- 7. What are the steps followed in checksum generator?
- 8. Define checksum.
- 9. Write short notes on CRC checker.
- 10. Write short notes on LRC.
- 11. List out the available detection methods.
- 12. Mention the types of errors and define the terms?
- 13. Distinguish between peer-to-peer relationship and a primary-secondary relationship.
- 14. What are the ways to address the framing problem?
- 15. What are the responsibilities of data link layer?
- 16. What are the functions of Application layer?
- 17. Define Bit stuffing.
- 18. What are the features provided by layering?
- 19. What are header and trailers and how do they get added and removed?
- 20. Group the OSI layers by function?
- 21.A digital signal bit rate of 2000bps. What is the duration of each bit?
- 2.Write short notes on LRC.
- 23. What is the purpose of layering?

PART B

- 1. Explain in detail the error detection and error corrections.
- 2. With a neat diagram explain in detail about the Network architecture.
- 3. Discuss in detail about HDLC.
- 4. What is the difference between Internet architecture and OSI architecture?
- 5. Discuss about the links operated on the physical media in detail.
- 6. Explain the different approaches of framing in detail.
- 7. Write short on Internet Architecture.
- 8. Explain Link layer And Function.
- 9. Discuss Software performance and hard ware performance of networks.
- 10. Discuss the requirement of Network.
- 11. Explain various multiple access techniques.
- 12. Compare Stop and Wait ARQ scheme with sliding window ARQ scheme.
- 13. Define Building network and net work requirement?
- 14. What is internet architecture and example of any two?

15. Define flow control and error detection.

PART C

- 1. What is CSMA?
- 2. Explain CSMA/CD.
- 3. Mention some of the physical properties of Ethernet.
- 4. What is the role of VCI?
- 5. What do you mean by error control?
- 6. What are the functions of bridges?
- 7. What is the size of Ethernet address?
- 8. What is the advantage of FDDI over a basic token ring?
- 9. List any two functions which a bridge cannot perform?
- 10. Mention the function of hub.
- 11. Mention different random access techniques?
- 12. List the two types of data frames in FDDI
- 13. What is the purpose of the NAV?
- 14. Name the four types of S frames.
- 15. What is the access method used by wireless LANs?
- 16 What are the limitations of bridges?
- 17. What is Spanning tree?
- 18 .Define Bluetooth?
- 19. What is the use of Switch?
- 20. What is token holding time (THT)?
- 21. Define Repeater?
- 22. What are the two classes of traffic in FDDI?
- 23. What are the four prominent wireless technologies?
- 24. Define IP
- 25. Define CIDR, ARP, DHCP, ICMP.

PART D

- 1. Write the CSMA/CD algorithms of Ethernet.
- 2. Explain in details about the access method and frame format used in Ethernet and token ring.
- 3. Name the four basic network topologies and explain them giving all the relevant features.
- 4. (i) Explain the working of carrier sense multiple access protocol.
- (ii) How does a Token Ring LAN operates? Discuss.
- (iii) List and briefly discuss the two different basic transmission technologies that can be used to set up wireless LAN's.
- 5. Explain the frame format, operation and ring maintenance feature of IEEE 802.5 MAC protocol.
- 6. Briefly define key requirements for wireless LANs.
- 7. Describe the FDDI frame format and explain.
- 8. Discuss the MAC layer functions of IEEE 802.11.
- 9. Explain in details the types of bridges.
- 10. Write in detail about Bluetooth Technology?

- 11. Difference between Wired network and Wireless Network.
- 12. Name the four basic network topologies and explain them giving all the relevant features.
- 13. How does work on functioning of wireless LAN in detail.
- 14. Discribe the Ip, Cidr, ARP, Basic Networking.
- 15. Define Switch and Routing Explain the how to connected the net work.

PART-E

- 1. List the difference between circuit switching and Packet switching.
- 2. What are the different kinds of Multicast Routing?
- 3. Discuss the class field in IP address.
- 4. What is meant by circuit switching?
- 5. What is multicasting?
- 6. What is a hostid and netid?
- 7. How does a netid differ from a network address?
- 8. What is the purpose of subnetting?
- 9. Define Masking.
- 10. What is the difference between boundary level masking and non-boundary level masking?
- 11. What is the function of router?
- 12. How does a router differ from a bridge?
- 13. Find the class of each address.
- 14. Why is adaptive routing superior to non adaptive routing?
- 15. What are the three main elements of distance vector algorithms.
- 16. What is address resolution?
- 17. What are the benefits of subnetting a network?
- 18. What are the metrics used by routing protocols?
- 19. Define RIP?
- 20. Define OSPF, Metrics?
- 21. Define Areas, BGP,?
- 22. What is multicast routing?
- 23. What multicast address?
- 24. Different between DVMRP and ICMP?
- 25.What is switch?

PART F

- 1. Write the short on path algorithm with a suitable illustration.
- 2. Explain the distance vector routing algorithm.
- 3. Mention the limitations of distance vector routing algorithm.
- 4. Explain the building and distribution of link state packets in link state routing algorithm.
- 5. Mention the limitations of link state routing algorithm.
- 6. link state routing and discuss its advantages over distance vector routing.
- 7. Write the short on in details packet switching.
- 8. What are the different Datagram approach. And Explain?
- 9. Explain in details IP addressing methods.

- 10. (i.) In classful addressing how is an IP address in class A, Class B and Class C divided?
- (ii). Given the address 23.56.7.91 and the default class A mask, find the beginning address.
- (iii.) Given the address 201.180.56.5 and the default class C mask, find the beginning address.
- 11. Discuss in detail the various aspects of IPV6.
- 12. What are the different approaches in Packet Switching. Explain them in detail.
- 13. Define multicasting and explain the detail about multicast address?
- 14. Difference between switching and routing?
- 15.(i) Write short notes on Broadcasting,
- (ii)Write Short notes on DVMRP and PIM.